WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. For use in a degree of outlier calculation device for sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data with a data sequence of real vector values as input, a probability density estimation device for, while sequentially reading said data sequence, estimating a probability distribution of generation of the data in question by using a finite mixture distribution of normal distributions, comprising:

probability calculation means for calculating, based on a value of input data and values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities, a probability of generation of the input data in question from each normal distribution; and

parameter rewriting means for updating and rewriting the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data based on a probability obtained by the probability calculation means, values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each normal distribution and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution.

2. The probability density estimation device as set forth in claim 1, further comprising

parameter storage means for storing values of a

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mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution, wherein said parameter rewriting means updates and

rewrites data of said parameter storage means.

3. A degree of outlier calculation device for sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data with a data sequence of real vector values as input, comprising:

a probability density estimation device for, while sequentially reading said data sequence, estimating a probability distribution of generation of the data in question by using a finite mixture of normal distributions including

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(a) parameter storage means for storing values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution,

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(b) probability calculation means for calculating, based on a value of input data and values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities, a probability of generation of the input data in question from each normal distribution, and

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(c) parameter rewriting means for updating and rewriting the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data based on a probability obtained by the probability calculation means, values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each normal distribution and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution, and

degree of outlier calculation means for calculating and outputting a degree of outlier of said data by using a parameter of the normal mixture updated by said probability density estimation device and based on a probability distribution estimated from values of the parameters before and after the updating and the input data.

4. A probability density estimation device for use in a degree of outlier calculation device to, while sequentially reading a data sequence, estimate a probability distribution of generation of the data in question by using a finite number of normal kernel distributions, comprising:

parameter storage means for storing a value of a parameter indicative of a position of each kernel, and

parameter rewriting means for reading a value of a parameter from the storage means and updating the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data to rewrite the contents of the parameter storage means.

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5. A degree of outlier calculation device for sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data with a data sequence of real vector values as input, comprising:

a probability density estimation device for,
while sequentially reading said data sequence,
estimating a probability distribution of generation of
the data in question by using a finite number of normal
kernel distributions including

- (a) parameter storage means for storing a value of a parameter indicative of a position of each kernel, and
- (b) parameter rewriting means for reading a value of a parameter from the storage means and updating the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data to rewrite the contents of the parameter storage means, and

degree of outlier calculation means for calculating and outputting a degree of outlier of said data by using said parameter updated by said probability density estimation device and based on a probability distribution estimated from values of the parameters before and after the updating and the input data.

6. For use in a degree of outlier calculation device for sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data with discrete value data as input, a histogram

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calculation device for calculating a parameter of a histogram with respect to said discrete value data sequentially input, comprising:

storage means for storing a parameter value of said histogram, and

parameter updating means for reading said

parameter value from the storage means and updating past

parameter values while forgetting past data based on

input data to rewrite the value of said storage means,

thereby outputting some of parameter values of said

storage means.

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7. A degree of outlier calculation device for sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data with discrete value data as input, comprising:

a histogram calculation device for calculating a parameter of a histogram with respect to said discrete value data sequentially input including

storage means for storing a parameter value of said histogram, and

parameter updating means for reading said

parameter value from the storage means and updating past

parameter values while forgetting past data based on

input data to rewrite the value of said storage means,

thereby outputting some of parameter values of said

storage means, and

score calculation means for calculating, based on

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the output of the histogram calculation device and said input data, a score of the input data in question with respect to said histogram, thereby outputting the output of the score calculation means as a degree of outlier of said input data.

A degree of outlier calculation device for 8. calculating a degree of outlier with respect to sequentially input data which is described both in a discrete value and a continuous value, comprising:

a histogram calculation device for estimating a histogram with respect to a discrete value data part,

probability density estimation devices provided as many as the number of cells of said histogram for estimating a probability density with respect to a continuous value data part,

cell determination means for determining to which cell of said histogram said discrete value data part belongs to send the continuous data part to the corresponding one of said probability density estimation devices, and

score calculation means for calculating a score of said input data based on a probability distribution estimated from output values of said histogram calculation device and said probability density estimation device and said input data, thereby

outputting the output of the score calculation

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means as a degree of outlier of said input data,
said histogram calculation device including
storage means for storing a parameter value of
said histogram, and

parameter updating means for reading said

parameter value from the storage means and updating past

parameter values while forgetting past data based on

input data to rewrite the value of said storage means,

thereby outputting some of parameter values of said

storage means, and

said probability density estimation device including

parameter storage means for storing values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution,

probability calculation means for calculating, based on a value of input data, and values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities, a probability of generation of the input data in question from each normal distribution, and

parameter rewriting means for updating and rewriting the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data based on a probability obtained by the probability calculation means, values of a mean parameter and a variance

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parameter of each normal distribution and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution.

9. A degree of outlier calculation device for calculating a degree of outlier with respect to sequentially input data which is described both in a discrete value and a continuous value, comprising:

a histogram calculation device for estimating a histogram with respect to said discrete value data part,

probability density estimation devices provided as many as the number of cells of said histogram for estimating a probability density with respect to a continuous value data part,

cell determination means for determining to which cell of the histogram said discrete value data part belongs to send the continuous data part to the corresponding one of said probability density estimation devices, and

score calculation means for calculating a score of said input data based on a probability distribution estimated from output values of said histogram calculation device and said probability density estimation device and said input data, thereby

outputting the output of the score calculation
means as a degree of outlier of said input data,
said histogram calculation device including
storage means for storing a parameter value of

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said histogram, and

parameter updating means for reading said

parameter value from the storage means and updating past

parameter values while forgetting past data based on

input data to rewrite the value of said storage means,

thereby outputting some of parameter values of said

storage means, and

said probability density estimation device including

parameter storage means for storing a value of a parameter indicative of a position of each kernel, and

parameter rewriting means for reading a value of a parameter from the storage means and updating the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data to rewrite the contents of the parameter storage means.

10. For use in a degree of outlier calculation device for sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data with a data sequence of real vector values as input, a probability density estimation method of, while sequentially reading said data sequence, estimating a probability distribution of generation of the data in question by using a finite mixture of normal distributions, comprising the steps of:

based on values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal

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distribution densities read from parameter storage means for storing a value of input data, values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities, and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution, calculating a probability of generation of the input data in question from each normal distribution, and

updating the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data based on a probability obtained by the probability calculation means, values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each normal distribution and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution to rewrite data of said parameter storage means.

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11. A degree of outlier calculation method of sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data, with a data sequence of real vector values as input, wherein

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probability density estimation for, while sequentially reading said data sequence, estimating a probability distribution of generation of the data in question by using a finite mixture of normal distributions, comprises the steps of:

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based on values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities read from parameter storage means

for storing a value of input data, values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities, and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution, calculating a probability of generation of the input data in question from each normal distribution, and

updating the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data based on a probability obtained by the probability calculation means, values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each normal distribution and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution to rewrite data of said parameter storage means, and which further comprises the step of:

calculating and outputting a degree of outlier of said data by using a parameter of the finite mixture distribution updated by said probability density estimation and based on a probability distribution estimated from values of the parameters before and after the updating and the input data.

12. A probability density estimation method for use in calculation of a degree of outlier to, while sequentially reading a data sequence, estimate a probability distribution of generation of the data in question by using a finite number of normal kernel distributions, comprising the steps of:

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storing a value of a parameter indicative of a position of each kernel in parameter storage means, and

reading a value of a parameter from the storage means and updating the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data to rewrite the contents of the parameter storage means.

13. A degree of outlier calculation method of sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data, with a data sequence of real vector values as input, wherein

probability density estimation for, while sequentially reading said data sequence, estimating a probability distribution of generation of the data in question by using a finite number of normal kernel distributions comprises the steps of:

storing a value of a parameter indicative of a position of each kernel in parameter storage means,

reading a value of a parameter from the storage means and updating the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data to rewrite the contents of the parameter storage means, and which further comprises:

degree of outlier calculation means for calculating and outputting a degree of outlier of said data by using said parameter updated by said probability density estimation and based on a probability

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distribution estimated from values of the parameters before and after the updating and the input data.

14. For use in calculation of a degree of outlier for sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data with discrete value data as input, a histogram calculation method of calculating a parameter of a histogram with respect to said discrete value data sequentially input, comprising the steps of:

reading said parameter value from storage means for storing a parameter value of said histogram and updating past parameter values while forgetting past data based on input data to rewrite the value of said storage means, and

outputting some of parameter values of said storage means.

15. A degree of outlier calculation device for sequentially calculating a degree of outlier of each data with discrete value data as input, comprising:

a histogram calculation device for calculating a parameter of a histogram with respect to said discrete value data sequentially input including

storage means for storing a parameter value of said histogram, and

parameter updating means for reading said parameter value from the storage means and updating past

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parameter values while forgetting past data based on input data to rewrite the value of said storage means, thereby outputting some of parameter values of said storage means, and

score calculation means for calculating, based on the output of the histogram calculation device and said input data, a score of the input data in question with respect to said histogram, thereby outputting the score calculation result as a degree of outlier of said input data.

16. A degree of outlier calculation method of calculating a degree of outlier with respect to sequentially input data which is described both in a discrete value and a continuous value, wherein

histogram calculation which estimates a histogram with respect to a discrete value data part comprises the steps of:

reading said parameter value from storage means for storing a parameter value of said histogram and updating past parameter values while forgetting past data based on input data to rewrite the value of said storage means, and

outputting some of parameter values of said storage means, and wherein

in probability density estimation devices provided as many as the number of cells of said

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histogram for estimating a probability density with respect to a continuous value data part, said method comprises the steps of:

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based on values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities read from parameter storage means for storing a value of input data, values of a mean parameter and variance parameter of each of a finite number of normal distribution densities and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution, calculating a probability of generation of the input data in question from each normal distribution, and

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based on a probability obtained by the probability calculation means, values of a mean parameter and a variance parameter of each normal distribution and a weighting parameter of each normal distribution, updating the stored parameter values while forgetting past data, according to newly read data to rewrite the data of said parameter storage means, and wherein said method further comprises the steps of:

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determining to which cell of said histogram said discrete value data part belongs to send the continuous data part to the corresponding one of said probability density estimation devices,

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calculating a score of said input data based on a probability distribution estimated from output values of said histogram calculation device and said probability

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density estimation device and said input data, and outputting the score calculation result as a degree of outlier of said input data.